APPENDIX 2

Twelve Principles of Governance²⁴

Exceptional boards do the following.

- 1. Govern in constructive partnership with the chief executive, recognizing that the effectiveness of the board and chief executive are interdependent.
- 2. Shape and uphold the mission, articulate a compelling vision, and ensure the congruence between decisions and core values.
- 3. Allocate time to what matters most and continuously engage in strategic thinking to hone the organization's direction.
- 4. Institutionalize a culture of inquiry, mutual respect, and constructive debate that leads to sound and shared decision making.
- 5. Are independent-minded. When making decisions, board members put the interests of the organization above all else.
- 6. Promote an ethos of transparency by ensuring that donors, stakeholders, and interested members of the public have access to appropriate and accurate information regarding finances, operations, and results.
- 7. Promote strong ethical values and disciplined compliance by establishing appropriate mechanisms for active oversight.
- 8. Link bold visions and ambitious plans to financial support, expertise, and networks of influence.
- 9. Are results-oriented. They measure the organization's advancement towards mission and evaluate the performance of major programs and services.
- 10. Intentionally structure themselves to fulfill essential governance duties and to support organizational priorities.
- 11. Embrace the qualities of a continuous learning organization, evaluating their own performance and assessing the value they add to the organization.
- 12. Energize themselves through planned turnover, thoughtful recruitment, and inclusiveness.
- The Source: Twelve Principles of Governance that Power Exceptional Boards. (Washington, DC: BoardSource, 2005).